Continuity and Adaptability
Striking the Right Balance
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
(expressed in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share data)

For the years ended December 31:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net premiums written</td>
<td>$3,689</td>
<td>$3,757</td>
<td>$3,899</td>
<td>$3,949</td>
<td>$4,065</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total revenues</td>
<td>4,187</td>
<td>4,211</td>
<td>3,980</td>
<td>3,418</td>
<td>3,011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td>749</td>
<td>718</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>1,537</td>
<td>553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating earnings</td>
<td>656</td>
<td>822</td>
<td>469</td>
<td>932</td>
<td>505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted operating earnings per share</td>
<td>12.53%</td>
<td>11.87%</td>
<td>9.22%</td>
<td>2.51%</td>
<td>14.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted net income per share</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
<td>1.72%</td>
<td>1.84%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating return on beginning common shareholders’ equity</td>
<td>25.5%</td>
<td>25.2%</td>
<td>12.3%</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
<td>21.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return on beginning common shareholders’ equity calculated with net income available to common shareholders</td>
<td>27.8%</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>11.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating cash flow</td>
<td>492</td>
<td>1,227</td>
<td>1,159</td>
<td>1,099</td>
<td>1,097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss ratio</td>
<td>54.8%</td>
<td>50.8%</td>
<td>63.9%</td>
<td>52.7%</td>
<td>60.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition ratio</td>
<td>23.1</td>
<td>22.9</td>
<td>23.9</td>
<td>21.9</td>
<td>22.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating expense ratio</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combined ratio</td>
<td>84.4%</td>
<td>80.4%</td>
<td>94.1%</td>
<td>81.8%</td>
<td>94.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

At December 31:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total investments and cash and cash equivalents (including funds held—directly managed)</td>
<td>$10,679</td>
<td>$11,572</td>
<td>$11,724</td>
<td>$18,165</td>
<td>$18,181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>15,034</td>
<td>16,149</td>
<td>16,279</td>
<td>23,733</td>
<td>23,364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-life &amp; Life reserves</td>
<td>8,301</td>
<td>8,773</td>
<td>8,943</td>
<td>12,427</td>
<td>12,417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total shareholders’ equity</td>
<td>3,786</td>
<td>4,322</td>
<td>4,199</td>
<td>7,646</td>
<td>7,207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted book value per common share and common share equivalents</td>
<td>56.07</td>
<td>63.95</td>
<td>65.95</td>
<td>84.51</td>
<td>99.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital</td>
<td>4,054</td>
<td>4,477</td>
<td>4,033</td>
<td>6,165</td>
<td>5,923</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comparative Performance Graph

* Source: Bloomberg

The Company’s Annual Report contains measures such as operating earnings, operating earnings per share and operating return on equity that are considered non-GAAP measures. See also Key Financial Measures – Comment on Non-GAAP Measures in Item 7 of Part II of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Letter from the Chairman</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jean-Paul Montupet</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010 Year in Review</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrick Thiele</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Responsibility at a Glance</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costas Mirantis</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuity and Adaptability: Striking the Right Balance</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PartnerRe Organization</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shareholder Information</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To Our Shareholders:

2010 was a year of important transitions for the Company. After eight years on the Board, I became Chairman in May of 2010, succeeding John Rollwagen, who had served as Chairman for nine years, holding our Board to the highest standards of governance. The Board wishes to thank John for his outstanding leadership.

Over the past two years, the Board has overseen a very well planned and well executed management transition process in preparation for Patrick Thiele's expected retirement as CEO; this resulted in Costas Miranthis being appointed Chief Executive Officer, and Bill Babcock, Marvin Pestcoe and Emmanuel Clarke joining Tad Walker as members of the Executive Committee. The Board is very pleased that all of these leadership appointments were internal successors. The management succession process has worked, and we have an outstanding, experienced and talented management team leading the Company.

The Board expresses its profound gratitude to Patrick Thiele, who, as the second CEO of the Company, is responsible for transforming PartnerRe into one of the world's leading global reinsurance companies. PartnerRe's outstanding track record, position in the market and reputation in the industry are tributes to Patrick's leadership over the past 10 years. Patrick has fostered an organization and culture with principles and values that will sustain PartnerRe's ability to thrive far into the future.

The integration of Paris Re is now complete, and the Board believes this acquisition has substantially enhanced the Company's position in the industry and our ability to successfully compete at the highest level.

Finally, the Board oversaw a comprehensive external governance review in 2010, resulting in a few refinements made to an already very strong governance process.

Looking ahead, as we continue to face a number of challenges in the industry, I believe PartnerRe is positioned to perform well in this challenging environment.

Jean-Paul Montupet
Chairman of the Board
SHAREHOLDER VALUE CREATION

- CUMULATIVE DIVIDEND
- BOOK VALUE PER SHARE

$120
$100
$80
$60
$40
$20
$0

2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010
Dear Shareholders:

As this is my final CEO letter, I want to talk about how we did over the last decade as well as our performance in 2010. This will include some reflections on the reasons for our success, not just the facts themselves.

First, how did we do in 2010? We did reasonably well by the numbers. Our book value per share grew by 11% during the year, above our long-term goal. Our net premiums grew by 19% in a stagnant market (thanks to our acquisition of Paris Re in 2009), allowing us to provide greater consistency and continuity to our clients. And we increased our common share dividend twice during the year, to a record $2.20 annual rate, while at the same time repurchasing more than 14 million shares.

However, we did fall short of our goal of a 13% operating return on equity because of four factors: a higher beginning common shareholders’ equity balance, persistently low interest rates, a competitive reinsurance market and a heavy large loss experience, specifically the Chilean and New Zealand earthquakes, the BP oil rig disaster and the Australian floods.

The real story of 2010 was not in the numbers though. It was around our continuing evolution as a company. Our accomplishments in the year included:

- Integrating Paris Re into PartnerRe
- Appointing a new CEO and effecting a smooth transition
- Announcing new executive leadership in our Global and Capital Markets Business Units, as well as the Finance function
- Electing a new Chairman of the Board of Directors

We did all this with a minimum of drama and with little disruption to our core reinsurance and investment activities. We remain financially strong, competitively well positioned and a good place to work.

Now to the reflective part. Since 2001, PartnerRe has made remarkable strides as a company. We’ve become a truly professional global risk-taking organization and we’ve hit our goals for book value per share and dividend growth.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time Period</th>
<th>CAGR BVPS</th>
<th>Average Operating ROE</th>
<th>CAGR Dividend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001-2010</td>
<td>10.2%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goals</td>
<td>10%+</td>
<td>13%+</td>
<td>Consistent Growth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2010 Year in Review
Patrick Thiele
How did we do that in an industry that is intensely competitive and that does not allow differential pricing or other shortcuts to success? I believe our accomplishments stem from a few key principles that we have consistently followed over the last decade and not from individual brilliance or luck or prescience. Those principles, which have become part of our DNA, are:

- Unquestioned financial integrity
- Decentralized decision-making
- Global thinking
- Prudent/integrated risk management
- Honesty, transparency and integrity in all relationships

Over time, the world’s economy will expand and shrink. The insurance markets will change, and corporate strategies will evolve, but I am confident that under Costas’ leadership these principles and values will endure and guide the Company forward to continued success.

Finally, PartnerRe would not be what it is today without the enduring support of our loyal clients and the people of PartnerRe. I’ve had the pleasure of working with an excellent and committed executive management over the years – Mark Pabst, Bruno Meyenhofer, Scott Moore, Albert Benchimol and a team of highly professional employees. It has been an honor and a joy to work with such a great group of people. I wouldn’t have missed it for the world.

Patrick Thiele
CEO PartnerRe Ltd.
(Retired December 31, 2010)
EXECUTIVE RESPONSIBILITY AT A GLANCE

COSTAS MIRANTHIS  PRESIDENT AND CEO

PARTNERRE NORTH AMERICA

TAD WALKER
CEO PARTNERRE NORTH AMERICA

- CEO PartnerRe North America since 2009
- Responsible for PartnerRe's U.S. and Canadian Operations
- Joined PartnerRe in 2002 as Head of the Catastrophe Team, responsible for PartnerRe's worldwide book of catastrophe business
- Appointed Executive Vice President and Chief Underwriting Officer for PartnerRe U.S. in 2006
- 25 years of professional experience in the reinsurance and insurance industry

Standard Lines
- Property
- Casualty
- Regional
- Structured Risk

Specialty Lines
- Specialty Casualty
- Surety and Fidelity
- Space

Managed Programs
- Program Business
- Agriculture
- RRGs/Captives/Pools

Canada
- Auto
- Property
- Casualty
- Multiline (All classes)
- Specialty Casualty

PARTNERRE GLOBAL

EMMANUEL CLARKE
CEO PARTNERRE GLOBAL

- CEO PartnerRe Global since 2010
- Responsible for PartnerRe's Global Non-life Operations
- Joined PartnerRe in 1997, with the acquisition of SAFR
- Appointed Head of Credit and Surety, Global in 2001; Deputy Head of Specialty Lines, Global in 2002; Head of Property and Casualty, Global in 2006; and Head of Specialty Lines, Global in 2008
- 16 years of professional experience in the reinsurance industry

Global P&C
- Latin America, Caribbean, Africa, Middle East, Turkey, Cyprus, Greece, Israel
- Asia-Pacific, India
- UK, Ireland, France, Benelux, Southern Europe
- Northern, Central and Eastern Europe, Russia including CIS countries

Facultative
- Property
- Energy On and Offshore
- Engineering
- Sports, Leisure, Entertainment

Catastrophe
- Worldwide

Global Specialty
- Agriculture
- Aviation/Space
- Credit/Surety
- Energy Onshore (Treaty)
- Engineering (Treaty)
- Marine/Offshore (Treaty)
- Specialty Casualty
- Special Risks (Treaty)
PARTNER RE CAPITAL MARKETS AND LIFE

M ARVIN P ESTCOE
CEO PARTNER RE CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP

• CEO PartnerRe Capital Markets Group since 2010
• Responsible for PartnerRe’s Investment Operations and executive oversight of Life Operations
• Joined PartnerRe in 2001 as head of our Alternative Risk Operations
• Appointed Deputy Head of Capital Markets Group and Head of Capital Assets in 2008
• 26 years of professional experience in property and casualty insurance, reinsurance and investments

Life
• Asia, Spain, Portugal, and Latin America
• Central and Eastern Europe
• France, Canada, Northern and Southern Europe
• U.K. and Ireland
• Longevity

Capital Assets
• Equities
• Insurance-linked Securities
• Principal Finance
• Strategic Investments

Fixed Income
• U.S. Treasury
• European Governments
• U.S. Credit
• European Credit
• U.S. Mortgage-backed Securities
• Asset-backed Securities

FINANCE

B ILL B A BCOCK
EVP AND CFO PARTNER RE LTD.

• CFO PartnerRe Ltd. since 2010
• Responsible for PartnerRe’s financial reporting and control, capital, treasury and currency management, tax, investor relations and IT
• Joined PartnerRe in 2008 as Group Finance Director
• Given oversight of the integration of Paris Re in 2010
• 20 years of professional experience in public accounting and reinsurance

Finance
• Accounting and Reporting
• Capital, Treasury and Currency Management
• Taxation
• Internal Controls and Audit
• Investor Relations
• IT

Executive Responsibility at a Glance
Annual Report Summary 2010
Continuity and Adaptability

Striking the Right Balance

A LETTER FROM COSTAS MIRANTHIS, PRESIDENT AND CEO
To Our Shareholders:

By any standard, the last decade has been an exceptionally successful period for reinsurers. Clearly our industry benefited from the pricing upturn that was already gathering steam in early 2001 but which rapidly accelerated after the events of September 11. And yes, we were fortunate to enjoy benign liability loss trends over the period. But I think that our industry's success went beyond reaping the benefits of the usual “hard market – soft market” pattern. Perhaps the industry's most important accomplishment over the last few years has been the demonstration of our ability to cope with shocks. We have taken in our stride all kinds of storms, natural and financial – a clear sign that we have been getting better at our core skill of managing risk.

At PartnerRe, the last 10 years have been formative years as well as successful ones. We took advantage of market conditions to create significant wealth for our shareholders. We are proud that over the period we met or exceeded most of our financial goals. But we also emerged as a leading multiline reinsurer with a distinctive brand. We are not a company that follows market fashion or the consensus view, but we draw our strength from a clear set of values and principles.
We have a truly global geographic reach and capabilities in virtually every line of business. We rely on deep technical underwriting and quantitative skills underpinned and supported by a strong risk management culture and a comprehensive risk management framework that encompasses both reinsurance and investment risk. Our Business Unit structure decentralizes the decision-making process, allowing actions that are quick, flexible and informed at the local or line of business level. Within our organization, we have built a culture of trust through the respectful treatment of employees and commitment to open communication. This approach is carried through to our relationships with our clients, which are likewise based on openness, transparency and consistency of approach. And of course, the foundation of everything we do is unquestionable financial strength.

An Industry in Transition

The industry is currently at a turning point and reinsurers face a number of headwinds. As with any industry, we have to obey the laws of supply and demand. We have not found a way to defy this, any more than we have found a way to defy gravity. On the supply side, we reinsurers have to some extent, been victims of our own success. The industry has accumulated significant capital over the last decade, but the pace of this capital accumulation has been much faster than the expansion in demand for our product. As a result, pricing has been eroding for some years. Following the frequency of heavy large losses in the first quarter of 2011, we will wait and see if this accumulation of risk is enough of a catalyst for change. Adding to our current challenge, the erosion in underwriting margins is presently amplified by the low interest rate environment, which limits the potential for investment income return on our assets. But I remain convinced that the reinsurance cycles will remain very much part of our landscape. Perhaps in years to come, we may look at the confluence of a soft pricing environment and low interest rates as a blessing in disguise.
We have a truly global geographic reach and capabilities in virtually every line of business.
Managing the cycle: It’s easy to say in hindsight that you should sit on the sidelines when markets are irresponsible, but it is frankly quite difficult to do in practice. During the go-go years leading up to the financial crisis our portfolio managers in CMG made a lot of tough calls avoiding unduly risky and mispriced securities. These were the “wrong” decisions quarter after quarter until it all blew up and it became clear how good those decisions really were. So how did we do it? We have very good portfolio managers, but it wasn’t just that. Equally important is our risk framework and an incentive system that encourages managers to invest like owners, focus on long-term fundamental value and not get caught up chasing whatever happens to be hot at the moment.

Marvin Pestcoe
CEO PartnerRe Capital Markets Group

Managing peak risks: Catastrophe and casualty exposures are significant drivers of our risk capital, but they behave differently. Catastrophe risks – earthquake, hurricane and flood – are homogenous and are analyzed in the same way. Casualty differs by line and geography: the exposures in a workers’ compensation book, a D&O book or a Motor XL cover are evaluated differently. But ultimately all volatile risks share one thing in common – the potential to materially damage our economic value. So we manage these by setting limits on our tolerance for specific risks and on the amount of capital that we are willing to expose.

Tad Walker
CEO PartnerRe North America
To successfully negotiate this cycle means focusing on the core skills of prudent underwriting, risk selection and risk management. So while there may be some discomfort for now, if we get it right, we have a lot to gain.

In the short term, our industry is also unlikely to get much relief from any imminent expansion in demand for our products. In the aftermath of the last financial crisis, government actions may have avoided depression, but the recovery, at least in the developed economies, may be a little muted and we may stumble several times along the way. And few would dispute that the balance of economic power is shifting toward the East. Insurable assets in emerging markets are growing at a very rapid pace and insurance penetration is increasing. However, it may be several years before the spectacular rates of growth that we see in emerging markets compensate for more modest growth in insurance demand in Western economies. Although intimately linked, demand patterns for insurers and reinsurers are also somewhat different. Reinsurers are ultimate holders of risk, particularly peak risks, and demand for peak risk is less sensitive in the short term to economic fluctuations. Moreover, we continue to discover areas where more peak risk protection is required than we previously thought necessary, as revealed by disasters such as Deepwater Horizon. At the same time, it appears that more of our clients are prepared to accept some volatility. I believe that in part this is a temporary reflection of the fact that after years of consistently good results, the potential significant volatility on our clients’ earnings is not fully appreciated. To the extent that this is a longer-term trend, it presents us and fellow reinsurers with the challenge of how to maintain balanced diversified portfolios.
Facing the Future

Future success does not merely depend on adapting to changing demand and supply dynamics. How we address macro environment trends is equally important. Three trends come immediately to mind.

First is the possible re-emergence of inflation. Our industry generally does well at times of low inflation, and with time, we adjust our pricing to higher levels of inflation. But the transition from one environment to the other can be very painful. Both economic inflation and social inflation have been low and manageable over the last 10 years, but we have plenty of evidence that pressures are building: levels of public debt have reached unprecedented peacetime proportions, we have increasing commodities prices and there is an undercurrent of public opinion that seeks to address perceived inequality and other social injustices.

Second is the definite trend toward more regulation. In the aftermath of the financial crisis, it would have been unrealistic to expect anything else. There is a very real risk that reinsurers may face regulation that is inappropriate for our industry if we are not differentiated from the financial sector in general. I remain hopeful that the resilience so clearly demonstrated by our industry in the last financial crisis will be recognized. Also, as different regulators move at varying speeds and with potentially different priorities and agendas, they are creating a more complex and expensive environment in which we have to operate.

The third trend is demographic: our societies are growing older and our people are living longer. We need to fund our retirement better than we have done in the past, and our industry can play a role in this by offering solutions for longevity risk transfer.
What differentiates successful companies may be not so much the ability to identify and select attractively priced risk as the ability to avoid the “big mistakes.”
Continuity and Adaptability
This more challenging environment will test our mettle, but I am confident that at PartnerRe we have the people, the culture, the tools and the organizational structure not only to face the future with assurance, but to continue to differentiate ourselves. Perhaps more than ever in the future, in a marketplace where participants are better informed and pricing is more efficient, success may depend on avoiding costly mistakes and having fast reactions.

I believe we will succeed by finding the right balance between continuity and adaptability: continuity of those core attributes that distinguish PartnerRe today, combined with the ability to adapt to a changing environment where necessary.

We will continue to:

Maintain a diversified portfolio. Diversification is a great risk mitigation strategy and reduces volatility. In an environment where demand for reinsurance is likely to become more unbalanced and concentrated toward peak risks, having the access and skills to underwrite a diverse range of risks, and the management capability to construct a balanced portfolio, will be increasingly important.

Focus on managing risk. Sound technical understanding of risk, as well as robust risk management processes that encompass both sides of the balance sheet – assets as well as liabilities – will be even more critical than before. In the years to come, what will differentiate successful companies may be not so much the ability to identify and select attractively priced risk as the ability to avoid the “big mistakes.”
We have a culture of trust based on openness, transparency and consistency of approach. And of course the foundation of everything we do is unquestionable financial strength.

*Extreme loss includes modeled loss and estimates of loss for unmodeled risks*
Efficient capital management in a challenging environment: It is increasingly difficult in the current environment to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns. One way to meet the challenge is to efficiently manage capital levels. We will never deviate from our obligation to our cedants, which is our unquestioned ability to pay claims. That is the fundamental underlying premise on which we run the Company. We will continue to first look for opportunities to deploy capital at appropriate returns and prudently manage our capital levels. That will be how we best manage this challenging market.

Bill Babcock
EVP and CFO PartnerRe Ltd.

Adaptability: PartnerRe has been a very successful company over the last decade. Looking forward, we need to ask ourselves if the recipe for our success will work over the next 10 years. The environment is changing: it is a different world out there in terms of risk, economy and return expectations, and this requires adaptive skills. The Paris Re acquisition was a very useful process for us, because examining another company’s portfolio helped to broaden our experiences, perspectives and skill sets.

Emmanuel Clarke
CEO PartnerRe Global
Manage our capital efficiently and effectively. In an environment that is likely to present challenges, efficient capital management over time and our ability to rapidly and proactively attribute capital to those lines of business that offer the most attractive returns, can make an appreciable difference to the bottom line.

Guard our financial strength. The ability to withstand shocks, and capitalize on opportunities, will be essential going forward. Financial strength is always, to a large extent, dependent on capital buffers and lack of excessive leverage, but equally important are financial practices such as a prudent reserving philosophy. Having a financially conservative culture may not drive either good or bad decisions, but it certainly minimizes surprises.

I am grateful to Patrick Thiele for building a sound framework for this organization, not only in terms of structure and processes, but also in terms of culture. Our people have consistently shown their understanding of and commitment to PartnerRe’s business principles. But at the same time I believe we need to continuously be aware of the need to learn from the past and adapt to our changing environment. The integration of the Paris Re organization into PartnerRe, which is now complete, gives me plenty of reason to be confident. I know that I have the people in the organization who can take on big tasks and succeed, and a leadership team with the awareness and vision to chart the right course.

Costas Miranthis  
President and Chief Executive Officer
PARTNERRE ORGANIZATION

BUSINESS UNIT AND SUPPORT MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

46 Mike Zielin
   Head of Agriculture
   Global

47 Scott Altstadt
   Chief Underwriting Officer and Deputy Head of Property & Casualty

48 Felix Arbenz
   Head of Specialty Casualty

49 Simon Arnot
   General Counsel

50 Patrick Bachofen
   Head of Facultative Global Property Accounts

51 Markus Bassler
   Head of Energy Onshore

52 Emil Bergundthal
   Head of Property & Casualty Asia, Pacific and India

53 Francis Blumberg
   Head of Property & Casualty
   Northern, Central and Eastern Europe

54 Florian Boecker
   Head of Life Market, Central and Eastern Europe

55 Jürg Buff
   Head of Engineering

56 Michel Büker
   Head of Global Specialty Lines Clients and London Market

57 Juan Calvache
   Head of Miami Office

58 Claude Chèvre
   Head of Life Market, Asia, Latin America and Spain

59 Patrick Chevrel
   Head of Specialty Property

60 Laura Davis
   Head of Catastrophe, Bermuda

61 Erick Derotte
   Head of Catastrophe, Zurich

62 Philippe Domart
   Head of Catastrophe, Paris

63 Jacques de Francieu
   Head of Property & Casualty
   U.K., Ireland, France, Benelux and Southern Europe

64 Pascale Gallego
   Head of Life Market, Northern and Southern Europe, Middle East and Canada

65 Holger Hillebrand
   Head of Facultative Engineering

66 Christopher Ho
   Chairman of Client Relationships, Asia and Pacific, Head of Singapore Office

67 Ian Houston
   Chief Underwriting Officer and Deputy Head of Specialty

68 Michel Hurtievent
   Chief Underwriting Officer, Facultative

69 Gary Ketels
   Head of Claims

70 Patrick Lacourte
   Head of PartnerRe Insurance, Dublin

71 Jean-Marie Le Goff
   Head of Human Resources

72 Jeremy Liburn
   Head of Agriculture

73 Jorge Linero
   Head of Facultative Property, Americas

PartnersRe
Annual Report Summary 2010
74 Philip Nye
Head of Hong Kong Office

75 John O’Neill
Head of Life Market, Ireland and UK.

76 Kevin O’Regan
Head of Life Market, Longevity

77 Salvatore Orlando
Head of Property & Casualty
Latin America, Middle East and Africa

78 Adrian Poxon
Head of Marine and Energy Offshore

79 Christophe Rénia
Head of Credit and Surety

80 Erik Rüttener
Chief Underwriting Officer and Deputy Head of Catastrophe

71 75 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70

81 Rick Thomas
Head of Risk Management and Retrocession

82 Eija Tuulensuu
Head of Client and Corporate Communications

83 Philippe Vivares
Head of Facultative Energy

84 Benjamin Weber
Head of Aviation and Space

85 Karl Whitehead
Head of Special Risks

86 Stephen Woodward
Head of Facultative Property, Europe and Asia

Capital Markets

87 Michael Dennis
Senior Portfolio Manager, Mortgage-backed Securities

88 Joseph Hisson
Head of Strategic Investments

89 Jay Madia
Head of Equities

90 Lee Iannarone
General Counsel

91 Dave Moran
Head of Principal Finance

92 Vanessa Tarzia
Human Resources Director

93 Brian Tobben
Head of Insurance-linked Securities

94 David Yim
Senior Portfolio Manager, Credit

PartnerRe
Annual Report Summary 2010
BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman
Jean-Paul Montupet
Executive Vice President and Advisory Director
Emerson Electric Co.
USA

Vito H. Baumgartner
Group President (Retired)
Caterpillar Inc.
United Kingdom

Judith C. Hanratty, OBE
Company Secretary and Counsel to the Board (Retired)
BP plc
United Kingdom

Jan H. Holsboer
Executive Board Member (Retired)
ING Group
The Netherlands

Roberto G. Mendoza
Senior Managing Director
Atlas Advisors, LLC
USA

Costas Miranthis
President and Chief Executive Officer
PartnerRe Ltd.
Bermuda

John A. Rollwagen
Chairman and CEO (Retired)
Cray Research Inc.
USA

Remy Sautter
Chairman
RTL Radio
France

Lucio Stanca
Chairman (Retired)
IBM Europe, Middle East, Africa
Italy

Patrick A. Thiele
(Retired from the Board, January 2011)

Kevin M. Twomey
President and Chief Operating Officer (Retired)
The St. Joe Company
USA

Dr. Jürgen Zech
Chairman (Retired)
Gerling-Konzern Versicherungs Beteiligung – AG
Germany

David K. Zwiener
President and Chief Operating Officer and Director (Retired)
Hartford Financial Services Group Inc.
USA

SECRETARY AND CORPORATE COUNSEL TO THE BOARD

Christine Patton
PartnerRe Ltd.

INVESTOR RELATIONS DIRECTOR

Robin Sidders
PartnerRe Ltd.

SHAREHOLDERS’ MEETING

The 2010 Annual General Meeting will be held on May 19, 2011, in Pembroke, Bermuda.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Deloitte & Touche
Corner House
Church & Parliament Streets
Hamilton, Bermuda

OUTSIDE COUNSEL

U.S.
Davis Polk & Wardwell
450 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10017
USA

Bermuda
Appleby
Canon’s Court
22 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 12
Bermuda

MARKET INFORMATION

The following PartnerRe shares (with their related symbols) are traded on the New York Stock Exchange, NYSE Euronext and the Bermuda Stock Exchange:

- Common Shares “PRE”
- 6.75% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares “PRE-PrC”
- 6.5% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares “PRE-PD”

As of February 22, 2011, the approximate number of common shareholders was 66,500.

SHARE TRANSFER & DIVIDEND PAYMENT AGENT

Computershare Trust Company, N.A.
P.O. Box 43078
Providence, RI 02940-3078

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

PartnerRe’s Annual Report on Form 10-K and PartnerRe’s 1934 Act filings, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, are available at the corporate headquarters in Bermuda or on the Company website at www.partnerre.com
The Company’s Annual Report contains measures such as operating earnings, operating earnings per share and operating return on equity that are considered non-GAAP measures. See also Key Financial Measures – Comment on Non-GAAP Measures in Item 7 of Part II of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
(expressed in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share data)

#### For the years ended December 31:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net premiums written</td>
<td>$3,689</td>
<td>$3,757</td>
<td>$3,989</td>
<td>$3,949</td>
<td>$4,205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total revenues</td>
<td>4,187</td>
<td>4,217</td>
<td>3,980</td>
<td>3,418</td>
<td>3,611</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td>749</td>
<td>718</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>1,537</td>
<td>833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating earnings available to common shareholders</td>
<td>656</td>
<td>822</td>
<td>469</td>
<td>932</td>
<td>505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per common share:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted net income per share</td>
<td>$11.36</td>
<td>$14.29</td>
<td>$6.43</td>
<td>$14.59</td>
<td>$6.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted operating earnings per share</td>
<td>12.37</td>
<td>11.87</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>23.51</td>
<td>16.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend per share</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>1.72</td>
<td>1.84</td>
<td>1.88</td>
<td>2.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating return on beginning common share owners’ equity</td>
<td>25.5%</td>
<td>25.2%</td>
<td>12.3%</td>
<td>23.3%</td>
<td>11.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return on beginning common share owners’ equity calculated with net income available to common shareholders</td>
<td>27.8%</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>11.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating cash flow</td>
<td>482</td>
<td>1,227</td>
<td>1,159</td>
<td>1,099</td>
<td>1,297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-life ratios:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss ratio</td>
<td>54.8%</td>
<td>50.8%</td>
<td>63.9%</td>
<td>52.7%</td>
<td>64.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition ratio</td>
<td>23.1</td>
<td>22.9</td>
<td>23.3</td>
<td>21.9</td>
<td>23.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating expense ratio</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>7.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combined ratio</td>
<td>84.4%</td>
<td>80.4%</td>
<td>94.1%</td>
<td>81.8%</td>
<td>94.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### At December 31:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total investments and cash and cash equivalents (including funds held-directly managed)</td>
<td>$10,679</td>
<td>$11,572</td>
<td>$11,724</td>
<td>$18,165</td>
<td>$18,181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>15,034</td>
<td>16,149</td>
<td>16,279</td>
<td>23,733</td>
<td>23,964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-life &amp; Life reserves</td>
<td>8,301</td>
<td>8,773</td>
<td>8,943</td>
<td>12,427</td>
<td>12,417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total shareholders’ equity</td>
<td>3,786</td>
<td>4,322</td>
<td>4,199</td>
<td>7,646</td>
<td>7,207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted book value per common share and common share equivalents</td>
<td>4,656</td>
<td>5,192</td>
<td>4,899</td>
<td>2,959</td>
<td>6,660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital</td>
<td>4,054</td>
<td>4,477</td>
<td>4,023</td>
<td>6,165</td>
<td>6,023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Market capitalization</td>
<td>5,825</td>
<td>6,165</td>
<td>5,934</td>
<td>8,165</td>
<td>8,523</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comparative Performance Graph**

- PartnerFire Share Price
- S&P 500

- **Compound Annual Return:** 8.0%  
- **Dividend:** 2.5%  
- **Total:** 10.5%

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*Source: Bloomberg*

The Company’s Annual Report contains measures such as operating earnings, operating earnings per share and operating return on equity that are considered non-GAAP measures. See also Key Financial Measures – Comment on Non-GAAP Measures in Item 7 of Part II of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.
Continuity and Adaptability

Striking the Right Balance